# Internal Revenue Service memorandum

CC:LM:HCT:NEW:2:TL-N-3613-01 LRStLaurent JUL | 2 200|

date: to:

Team Manager, Group 1566

from:

Associate Area Counsel (LMSB)

New Jersey

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TIN:

### **ISSUE**

What corporate name should appear on a Form 872, Consent to Extend the Time to Assess Tax, and who should sign the document?

## **SUMMARY OF FACTS**

(hereafter "") filed a federal income tax return as the parent for itself and its subsidiaries as a consolidated group.  Consolidated returns were similarly filed for and tax years. It is currently under examination for its and tax years. A Form 872 is sought to be secured from for those years.
According to the examiners, "merged" with a subsidiary of the surviving corporation after the merger. The examiners have described to the business activity subsequent to the merger as reduced, but still active.
A short-year consolidated return was filed by for part of tax year, and for the tax year, reported any federal income taxes as part of a new consolidated group with tax year. "I as the common parent."
Before its name change to be the standard of the standard of Incorporation, as of the standard that the standard of Incorporation, the standard of Incorporation, the standard of Incorporation, the standard of Incorporation, the standard of Incorporation was known to the standard of
Pursuant to his authority as Chief Operating Officer for signed a Consent of the Sole Shareholder to Action Taken Without a Meeting appointing a limit of the newly named directors signed.  By Consent of the newly named

the board named President and Chief
Executive Officer and Executive Vice
President and COO.
,
Subsequently, by unanimous written consent, the board
ratified and approved the resignation, effective
of as its Chief Financial Officer and, effective the
same date, appointed as as as as SCFO. The same has
same date, appointed as a sector wherein he
written a letter to the Service, dated wherein he advised that he is the CFO of authorized to sign all
advised that he is the CPO of authorized to sign an
relevant tax returns and forms for
y p one c lead to the control by
An earlier Form 872 for tax year was signed by
and was the subject of New Jersey District Counsel
review in Table (TL-N-4315-00). Copies of two (2) new
Forms 872, executed by as CFO, have recently been
received by the Service. The first Form 872, signed on
, seeks to extend the statute of limitation dates applicable
to see and see tax years to This copy
fails to list in the signature block the corporate name under
which has authority as CFO to execute the form. The second
copy, signed on second, indicates is signing for
and its subsidiaries as CFO for

#### **DISCUSSION**

Internal Revenue Code, Section 6501(c)(4), generally directs that the Service and a taxpayer may enter agreements to extend the statutory period for the assessment of taxes, provided such period has not already expired.

Two differing photocopies of the signature page of the Consent have been obtained. Although ( members comprise the board, the copy dated bears signatures for only and "is signed by bearing the date," is signed by and "Neither copy bears a signature for the remaining board members and "and "is signature for the remaining board members"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For purposes of the previous advisory, we accepted the Service's representation that the corporate merger between and the former subsidiary did not constitute a "reverse acquisition" as described in Treasury Regulation § 1.1502-75(d)(3). We have attempted to make an independent determination as to whether the merger qualified as a reverse acquisition. However, we have been unable to do so based upon the information provided. This would not affect our conclusion as to the proper party to execute the 872 for the standard tax years of

has remained an active corporation, filing its return as part of the consolidated group. We assume for purposes of this analysis that no notice of impending dissolution of has been received by the Service, nor a designation by the remaining group members of another member as agent in place of Treas. Reg. § 1.1502-77(d).

As we earlier advised, the regulations provide that where the common parent of a consolidated group remains in existence, even if it no longer is the common parent, it remains the agent for the group with regard to the years for which it was the common parent for the group. Treas. Reg. §§ 1.1502-77(a) and 1.1502-77(a)(4)(i)(proposed Sept. 26, 2000).

Under these circumstances, the remains the agent of the consolidated group for the tax year, whether or not a consolidated return was made for any year subsequent to whether or not one or more of the subsidiaries ceased to be members of the group. Treas. Reg. § 1.1502-75(a). In fact, we are advised that one or more of the subsidiaries remain as current subsidiaries of the group would be considered to remain in existence. Treas. Reg. § 1.1502-75(d)(1).

By its language, Treasury Regulation § 1.1502-77 is addressed to the issue, "Who is the agent for the consolidated group?" Our research has determined that since has continued to exist, with respect to the adjustments for the tax year wherein it filed as common parent for the consolidated group, it remains the agent for those companies. In contrast, Treasury Regulation § 1.1502-75 answers the question, "Who can file consolidated tax returns?" Subsection "d" of that provision focuses on whether a consolidated group remains in existence after a merger. Specifically, Treasury Regulation § 1.1502-75(d)(3) discusses who becomes the common parent of a new consolidated group formed by the merger of two parents. Thus, even if a reverse merger had occurred whereby survived the merger, but was no longer the common parent of the new group, this circumstance would not alter s agency for the consolidated group.

<sup>3</sup> But see footnote 1.

taxpayer at issue, we hesitate to recommend relying solely on solely on solely of solely of solely of solely on authority to extend solely statute.

Admittedly, is the sole shareholder of and, and probably replaced as an officer of the just as he had . However, since the boards of directors of both seem otherwise to have observed the corporate forms, we and recommend that the Service not rely upon the Form 872 signed by unless an appropriately signed consent of 's board is obtained which names s CFO, and as which appointment was effective prior to seems likely, replaced as an officer of the written consent of the board is non-existent or otherwise unobtainable, a writing from an officer of , other than , should be obtained which relates both the fact of authority to act as an officer of as a result of the actions of so board and the reason no written authorization from the hoard could be furnished.

Finally, we note that with the adoption of the IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998 (RRA 98), § 6501 was modified to apprise taxpayers of their rights regarding statute extensions. Consequently, the Service is required to notify taxpayers whenever a statute extension is requested that they have a right (1) to refuse to extend the statute; (2) to limit the extension to particular issues ; and (3) to limit the extension to a particular period of time. These notices must be provided "on each occasion when the taxpayer is requested to provide such consent." I.R.C. § 6501(c)(4)(B)

#### CONCLUSION

Based upon the above, we have concluded that it is and remains the agent for the consolidated group. For the same reasons regarding agency for the taxable year, would also be the agent of the group for the tax year. While the Form 872 executed by on is facially appropriate, we do not recommend reliance upon such form absent official documentation supporting a saturnity to execute said form on behalf of

For consents restricted to particular issues, the Internal Revenue Manual directs that a footnote be added to the consent stating, "The provisions of section 6511(c) of the Internal Revenue Code are limited to any refund or credit resulting from adjustment for which the period for assessment is extended under this agreement." IRM §§ 8.2.1.3.3.12.

CFO, and which appointment was effective prior to should be obtained.

If you have any questions, please contact attorney Leon St. Laurent at (973) 645-3594.

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